- 1 CABINET FOR HEALTH AND FAMILY SERVICES
- 2 Department for Public Health [Commission for Children with Special Health Care
- 3 Needs
- 4 Division of Adult and Child Health Improvements [Health and Development Division]
- 5 (Emergency Amendment)
- 6 911 KAR 2:120E. Kentucky Early Intervention Program evaluation and eligibility.
- 7 RELATES TO: KRS 200.654, 34 C.F.R. 303.11, 303.300, 303.322, 20 U.S.C.
- 8 1471 to 1476
- 9 STATUTORY AUTHORITY: Executive Order 2004-444,KRS 194A.030(7),
- 10 194A.050, 200.660(7), 200.650-676, 34 C.F.R. 303.322, 20 U.S.C. 1474, 1475(a)(10)
- 11 NECESSITY, FUNCTION, AND CONFORMITY: Executive Order 2004-444
- reorganized the Cabinet for Health and Family Services and placed the Department for
- 13 Public Health under the Cabinet for Health and Family Services. KRS 200.660 requires
- the Cabinet [for Health Services] to administer funds appropriated to implement the
- provisions of KRS 200.650 to 200.676, to enter into contracts with service providers,
- and to promulgate administrative regulations. This administrative regulation establishes
- the evaluation and eligibility requirements for First Steps, Kentucky's Early Intervention
- 18 Program.
- 19 Section 1. Evaluation.
- 20 (1) (a) A child referred to the First Steps Program shall be initially evaluated to
- 21 determine eligibility when

1	1.	the screen indicates a developmental delay; or
2	2	the screen does not indicate a delay, but the fa

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(8) of this section.

2. the screen does not indicate a delay, but the family still has concerns; and

3. the child does not have an established risk condition

- 4 (b) A child with established risk as listed in Section 2 (3)(b) shall receive a five (5) 5 area assessment done by a Primary Level Evaluator in lieu of a Primary Level 6 Evaluation. If a child is eligible due to an established risk condition of hearing loss, the 7 five (5) area assessment shall be performed by a speech therapist or a teacher of the deaf and hard of hearing who is approved as a Primary Level Evaluator. [Beginning with annual IFSP meetings scheduled on or after January 1, 2004, the child shall be 10 evaluated on an annual basis to determine on-going eligibility and to evaluate progress while in the program, until the child exits the program and in accordance with subsection
 - (2) (a) A determination of initial eligibility pursuant to Section 2 of this administrative regulation, assessments in the identified area of delay, in accordance with 911 KAR 2:130, and the initial IFSP team meeting shall occur within forty-five (45) calendar days after a point of entry receives an initial referral.
 - (b) If a determination of initial eligibility, assessments and initial IFSP team meeting does not occur within forty-five (45) calendar days due to illness of the child or a request by the parent, the delay circumstances shall be documented.
 - (c) If a family is referred for a determination of initial eligibility and the family is under court order or a social services directive to enroll their child in First Steps, the court or social service agency shall be informed within three (3) working days by the initial service coordinator, if the family refuses the determination of eligibility.

- (3) Child records of evaluations transferred from an in-state or out-of-state developmental evaluator shall be reviewed by the initial service coordinator and shall be utilized for eligibility determination if:
- (a) The records meet First Steps evaluation time lines established in subsection (4)(a) of this section; and

- (b) The records contain the developmental evaluation information established in subsection (11)(a) and (b) of this section.
 - (4) The primary level evaluation [shall be the first level in the First Steps evaluation system and] shall be utilized to determine eligibility of children without established risk, developmental status and recommendations for further assessment to determine program planning.
 - (a) If there is a previous primary level evaluation available, it shall be used to determine eligibility if:
 - 1.a. For children under twelve (12) months of age, the evaluation was performed within three (3) months prior to referral to First Steps; or
 - b. For children twelve (12) months to three (3) years of age, the evaluation was performed within six (6) months prior to referral to First Steps; and
 - 2. There is no additional information or the family has not expressed new concerns that would render the previous evaluation no longer valid.
 - (b) If there is a previous primary level evaluation available that was performed within the timeframes established in subparagraph 1 of this paragraph but there are new concerns that shall render the evaluation no longer valid, the initial service coordinator shall request a new primary level evaluation.

1	(c) Primary level evaluations shall provide evaluation in the five (5)	
2	developmental areas identified in Section 2(1)(c)1 through 5 of this administrative	
3	regulation using norm-referenced standardized instruments that provide a standard	
4	deviation score in the total domain for the five (5) areas.	
5	(d) The primary level evaluation shall be provided by:	
6	1. A physician or nurse practitioner; and	
7	2. A primary evaluator approved by the cabinet.	
8	(e) A primary level evaluation shall include:	
9	1. A medical component completed by a physician or a nurse practitioner that	
10	shall include:	
11	a. A history and physical examination;	
12	b. A hearing and vision screening; and	
13	c. A child's medical evaluation that shall be current in accordance with the	
14	EPSDT Periodicity Schedule; and	
15	2. A developmental component completed by a cabinet-approved primary level	
16	evaluator that utilizes norm-referenced standardized instruments, the results of which	
17	shall:	
18	a. Include the recommendation of a determination of eligibility or possible referral	
19	for a record review; and	
20	b. Be interpreted to the family prior to the discussion required by subsection (5)	
21	of this section.	
22	(5)(a) Prior to the initial IFSP team meeting, the initial service coordinator shall	

- contact the family and primary level evaluator to discuss the child's eligibility in
- 2 accordance with subsection (4)(e)2b of this section. If the child is determined eligible,
- 3 the service coordinator shall:
- 4 1. Make appropriate arrangements to select a primary service coordinator;
- 5 2. Arrange assessments in the areas identified in Section 2(1)(c) of this
- 6 administrative regulation found to be delayed; and
- 7 3. Assist the family in selecting service providers in accordance with 911 KAR
- 8 2:110. If the child is receiving therapeutic services from a provider outside of the First
- 9 Steps Program, the service coordinator shall:
- a. Invite the current provider to be a part of the IFSP team;
- b. Request that the provider supply the team with his assessment and progress
- reports; and

- c. If the current provider does not want to participate, have the First Steps
 - provider consult with the current provider if assessing the area being treated by the
- 15 current provider.
- (b)1. If the child does not have an established risk condition identified in Section
- 17 2(1)(c) of this administrative regulation, and is determined not eligible, the team shall
- discuss available community resources, such as Medicaid, EPSDT, the Department for
- 19 Public Health's and the Commission for Children with Special Health Care Need's
- 20 (CCSHCN's) Title V programs, and other third-party payors.
- [2.a. If the child has an established risk condition, and the developmental
- 22 evaluation does not indicate a developmental delay in at least one (1) skill area, the
- 23 family shall receive service coordination services until the earlier of:

1	(i) An annual developmental evaluation that is performed in accordance with	
2	subsection (8) of this section; or	
3	(ii) Notification that the family has a concern or suspects that the child may have	
4	a delay present that was not revealed by the testing.	
5	b. If the situation described in clause a(ii) of this subparagraph occurs, the	
6	procedure established in Section 2(2) of this administrative regulation shall be followed.]	
7	(6) At the initial IFSP team meeting, the IFSP team shall:	
8	(a) Include the following members at a minimum:	
9	1. The parent of the child;	
10	2. Other family members, as requested by the parent, if feasible to do so;	
11	3. An advocate or person outside of the family, if the family requests that the	
12	person participate;	
13	4. The initial service coordinator;	
14	5. The primary service coordinator;	
15	6. A provider who performed an assessment on the child; and	
16	7. If appropriate, a First Steps provider who shall provide services to the child or	
17	family;	
18	(b) Verify the child's eligibility;	
19	(c) Review the evaluation information identified in subsection (4) of this section;	
20	(d) Review the assessment reports in accordance with 911 KAR 2:130;	
21	(e) Determine the family's outcomes, strategies and activities to meet those	
22	outcomes as determined by the family's priorities and concerns; and	
23	(f) Determine the services the child shall receive in order for the family to learn	

1	the strategies and activities identified on the IFSP. This shall include identifying:
2	1. The discipline;
3	2. The professional, paraprofessional, or both;
4	3. The method in which services shall be delivered, such as individual, group, or
5	both; and
6	4. The payor source for the service; and
7	5. The frequency of the service.
8	(7)(a) Reevaluations shall be provided if the IFSP team determines a child's
9	eligibility warrants review and the child does not have an established risk condition.
10	(b) Primary level reevaluations shall not be used to:
11	1. Address concerns that are medical in nature; or
12	2. Provide periodic, ongoing follow-up services for post-testing or testing for
13	transition.
14	(c) Based on the result of the reevaluation or annual evaluation, the IFSP
15	team shall:
16	1. Continue with the same level of services;
17	2. Continue with modified services; or
18	3. Transition the child from First Steps services.
19	[(8) The provisions of this subsection shall apply to annual IFSP meetings
20	scheduled on or after January 1, 2004.
21	(a) In accordance with KRS 200.664(7), in order to determine on going eligibility:
22	1. A developmental evaluation shall be performed on an annual basis no earlier
23	than ninety (90) days nor later than sixty (60) days before the annual IFSP expiration

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- 2. An updated medical evaluation shall be obtained from the child's physician or nurse practitioner in accordance with subsection (4)(e)1c of this section.
- (b) The annual developmental evaluation shall be performed by a primary

 level evaluator who is not currently providing a therapeutic intervention for that child and

 shall provide an evaluation in the five (5) developmental areas identified in Section

 2(1)(c) of this administrative regulation.
 - (c) If the results of the annual evaluation do not meet the continuing program eligibility requirements of Section 2(4) of this administrative regulation, the service coordinator shall:
 - 1. Within three (3) days of receiving the written evaluation report, notify the service provider of the results of the evaluation and that therapeutic intervention shall cease when the current IFSP expires;
 - 2. Notify the family of the results of the evaluation and that when the current IFSP expires, the child and family are no longer eligible for First Steps services;
 - 3. Facilitate a transition conference in accordance with 911 KAR 2:140, Section 1(14); and
 - 4. Subsequent to the transition conference, discharge the child from the program.

 (d) If the procedure established in Section 2(2) of this administrative regulation is administered, the service coordinator shall refer the information required by subsection (9)(b) of this Section to the record review team within five (5) workdays of receiving the annual evaluation results.
 - (e) If the results of the annual developmental evaluation meet the continuing

- 1 program eligibility requirements established in Section 2(4) of this administrative
- 2 regulation, the IFSP team shall be convened for the annual IFSP meeting in accordance
- 3 with 911 KAR 2:130, Section 2.]
- 4 (8) [(9)] A review of the child's First Steps record shall be the second level in the
- 5 First Steps evaluation system that shall be utilized to determine eligibility, medical or
- 6 mental diagnosis, program planning, or plan evaluation.
- 7 (a) Upon obtaining a written consent by the parent, a service coordinator shall
- 8 submit a child's record to the <u>Department for Public Health</u> [CCSHCN] for a record
- 9 review if:
- 1. A primary evaluator identifies a need for further developmental testing
- 11 necessary to clarify a diagnosis to further define the child's developmental status in
- terms of a child's strengths and areas of need;
- 2. A child does not meet eligibility guidelines at the primary level, but an IFSP
- team member and the family still have concerns that the child is developing atypically
- and a determination of eligibility based on professional judgment is needed; or
- 16 3. The IFSP team requests an intensive level evaluation for the purposes of
- obtaining a medical diagnosis or to make specific program planning and evaluation
- 18 recommendations for the individual child.
- 19 (b)1. If a service coordinator sends a child's record for a record review, the
- 20 following shall be submitted to the Record Review Team [Committee], Department for
- 21 Public Health, at the address indicated by the Department for Public Health. [Louisville
- 22 CCSHCN office at 982 Eastern Parkway, Louisville, Kentucky 40217:1

1	a. A cover letter from the service coordinator or primary evaluator justifying the
2	referral for a record review;
3	b. Primary level evaluation information specified in subsection (10) of this
4	section;
5	c. Available assessment reports required in 911 KAR 2:130;
6	d. Available IFSPs and amendments;
7	e. Most recent progress reports from the IFSP team members. Reports older
8	than three (3) months shall include an addendum reflecting current progress;
9	f. Therapeutic staff notes from the previous two (2) months; and
10	g. If requesting a record review for a child who is receiving speech therapy, a
11	hearing evaluation performed by an audiologist within six (6) months of the request.
12	2. The service coordinator requesting the record review shall attempt to procure
13	and submit the following information, if available:
14	a. Birth records, if neonatal or perinatal complications occurred;
15	b. General pediatric records from the primary pediatrician;
16	c. Medical records from hospitalizations; and
17	d. Records from medical subspecialty consultations, such as neurology,
18	orthopedic, gastroenterology or ophthalmology.
19	(c)1. Upon receiving a referral, a Record Review Team [team of CCSHCN
20	professional staff] shall conduct a record review.
21	2. After conducting the record review, the Record Review Team [CCSHCN staff]
22	shall:

1	a. Determine whether there are at least sixty (60) calendar days from the date of
2	the review before the child turns three (3) years of age;
3	b. Determine that the child meets or does not meet the eligibility criteria
4	established in Section 2(1) of this administrative regulation; and
5	c. Provide the IFSP team with recommendations for service planning.
6	3. If there are at least sixty (60) calendar days from the date of the review before
7	the child turns three (3) years of age, the Record Review Team [CCSHCN_staff_] shall:
8	a. Determine if further developmental testing, diagnostics or additional
9	professional judgment are required in order to adequately ascertain the child's
10	developmental needs; and
11	b. Refer:
12	(i) The child for an intensive level evaluation, the third level in the First Steps
13	evaluation system; or
14	(ii) The family to local community resources.
15	4. If there are not at least sixty (60) calendar days from the date of the review
16	before the child-turns three (3) years of age, the Record Review Team [CCSHCN staff]
17	shall provide the IFSP team with a recommendation for transition planning.
18	5. Upon the record review team reviewing the child's record, the team shall
19	provide the family and service coordinator with a letter, within fourteen (14) calendar
20	days of the review, informing them of the information described in this paragraph
21	(d) Intensive level evaluations are conducted by one or more of the following as

determined by the Department for Public Health approved Record Review

1	Team: [Upon request of the CCSHCN, a team approved by the CCSHCN and	
2	consisting of the following members shall perform an intensive level evaluation:]	
3	1.a. A board certified developmental pediatrician;	
4	b. A pediatrician who has experience in the area of early childhood development;	
5	c. A pediatric psychiatrist; or	
6	d. A pediatric neurologist; or [and]	
7	e. [2.a.] One (1) or more developmental professionals identified in 911 KAR	
8	2:150, Section 1; or	
9	\underline{f} . [b-] If an IFSP is currently in place, a developmental professional representing	
10	each discipline that is currently on the IFSP in addition to a professional whose scope of	
11	work addresses additional concerns expressed by the Record Review [intensive level	
12	2 evaluation] team.	
13	(9) [(10)] Family rights shall be respected and procedural safeguards followed in	
14	providing evaluation services.	
15	(a) Written parental consent shall be obtained before conducting an evaluation or	
16	assessment by the evaluator or assessor respectively.	
17	(b) If a parent or guardian refuses to allow a child to undergo a physical or	
18	medical examination for eligibility because of religious beliefs:	
19	1. Documentation shall be obtained in the form of a notarized statement. The	
20	notarized statement shall be signed by the parent or guardian to the effect that the	
21	physical examination or evaluation is in conflict with the practice of a recognized church	
22	or religious denomination to which they belong;	

1	2. If a child is determined to be eligible, First Steps shall provide, at the parent's
2	request, services that do not require, by statute, proper physical or medical evaluations;
3	and
4	3. The initial service coordinator shall explain to the family that refusal due to
5	religious beliefs may result in a denial of services which require a medical assessment
6	on which to base treatment protocols.
7	(10) [(11)] A report shall be written in accordance with the time frames
8	established in paragraph (c)1 of this subsection upon completion of each primary level
9	and intensive level evaluation.
10	(a) A report resulting from a primary level evaluation or an intensive level
11	evaluation shall include the following components:
12	1. Date of evaluation;
13	2. Names of evaluators and those present during the evaluation, professional
14	degree, and discipline;
15	3. The setting of the evaluation;
16	4. Name and telephone number of the contact person;
17	5. Identifying information that includes the:
18	a. Child's CBIS identification number;
19	b. Child's name and address;
20	c. Child's chronological age (and gestational age, if prematurely born) at the
21	time of the evaluation;
22	d. Health of the child during the evaluation;
23	e. Date of birth;

1	f. Referral source; and
2	g. Reason for referral or presenting problems;
3	6. Tests administered or evaluation procedures utilized and the purpose of the
4	instrument. One (1) method of evaluation shall not be used, but a combination of tests
5	and methods shall be used;
6	7. Test results and interpretation of strengths and needs of the child;
7	8. Test results reported in standard deviation pursuant to subsection (4)(e)2 of
8	this section;
9	9. Factors that may have influenced test conclusion;
10	10. Eligibility;
11	11. Developmental status or diagnosis;
12	12. Suggestions regarding how services may be provided in a natural
13	environment that address the child's holistic needs based on the evaluation;
14	13. Parent's assessment of the child's performance in comparison to abilities
15	demonstrated by the child in more familiar circumstances;
16	14. A narrative description of the five (5) areas of the child's developmental
17	status;
18	15. Social history;
19	16. Progress reports, if any, on the submitted information; and
20	17. A statement that results of the evaluation were discussed with the child's
21	parent.
22	(b) The report required by paragraph (a) of this subsection shall be written in
23	clear, concise language that is easily understood by the family.

1	(c)1. The reports and notification of need for further evaluation shall be made
2	available to the current IFSP team and family within fourteen (14) calendar days from
3	the date the evaluator received the complete evaluation referral.

- 2. In addition to the requirements established in this section, an intensive level evaluation site shall:
- a. Provide to the Record Review <u>Team</u> [Committee] a copy of the evaluation report within fourteen (14) calendar days from the date the evaluator received the evaluation referral; and
 - b. If an IFSP is currently in place:

- (i) Focus recommendations on areas that are specified on the IFSP as being of concern to the family;
- (ii) Identify strategies and activities that would help achieve the outcomes identified on the IFSP; and
- (iii) Provide suggestions for the discipline most appropriate to transfer the therapeutic skills to the parents.
- 3. If it is not possible to provide the report and notification required in this paragraph by the established time frame due to illness of the child or a request by the parent, the delay circumstances shall be documented and the report shall be provided within five (5) calendar days of completing the evaluation.
- Section 2. Eligibility. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) or (3) of this section, a child shall be eligible for First Steps services if he is:
- 22 (a) Aged birth through two (2) years;
 - (b) A resident of Kentucky at the time of referral and while receiving a service;

- (c) Through the evaluation process determined to have fallen significantly behind
 developmental norms in the following skill areas:
- Total cognitive development;
- 2. Total communication area through speech and language development, which shall include expressive and receptive;
- 6 3. Total physical development including growth, vision and hearing;
- 7 4. Total social and emotional development; or
- 8 5. Total adaptive skills development; and

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- 9 (d) Significantly behind in developmental norms as evidenced by the child's score being:
 - 1. Two (2) standard deviations below the mean in one (1) skill area; or
- 2. At least one and one-half (1 1/2) standard deviations below the mean in two(2) skill areas.
 - (2)(a) If a norm-referenced testing reveals a delay in one (1) of the five (5) skill areas but does not meet the eligibility criteria required by subsection (1)(d) of this section, a more in-depth standardized test in that area of development may be administered if the following is evident:
 - 1. The primary level evaluator, service coordinator or the family has a concern or suspects that the child's delay may be greater than the testing revealed;
 - 2. A more sensitive norm-referenced test tool may reveal a standardized score which would meet eligibility criteria; and
- 3. There is one (1) area of development that is of concern.

- 1 (b) Upon completion of the testing required by paragraph (a) of this subsection,
- the results and information required by Section 1(9)(b) of this administrative regulation
- 3 shall be submitted by the service coordinator to the record review team for a
- 4 determination of eligibility.
- 5 (3) A child shall be eligible for First Steps services if:
- 6 (a) The child is being cared for by a neonatal follow-up program and its staff
 7 determine that the child meets the eligibility requirements established in subsection (1)
- 8 or (4) of this section; or
- 9 (b) Meets the criteria established in KRS 200.654(10)(b) who has one (1) of the
- 10 following conditions diagnosed by a physician or advanced registered nurse practitioner
- 11 (ARNP):

Aase-Smith syndrome	Ataxia
rtass simili syriaisins	, taxia
Aase syndrome	Atelosteogenesis
Acrocallosal syndrome	Autism
Acrodysostosis	Baller-Gerold syndrome
Acro-Fronto-Facio-Nasal Dysostosis	Bannayan-Riley-Ruvalcaba syndrome
Adrenoleukodystrophy	Bardet-Biedl syndrome
Agenesis of the Corpus Callosum	Bartsocas-Papas syndrome
Agyria	Beals syndrome (congenital contractural
Aicardi syndrome	arachnodactyly)
Alexander's Disease	Biotinidase Deficiency
Alper's syndrome	Bixler syndrome
Amelia	Blackfan-Diamond syndrome
Angelman syndrome	Bobble Head Doll syndrome
Aniridia	Borjeson-Forssman-Lehmann syndrome
Anophthalmia/Microphthalmia	Brachial Plexopathy
Antley-Bixler syndrome	Brancio-Oto-Renal (BOR) syndrome
Apert syndrome	Campomelic Dysplasia
Arachnoid cyst with neuro-developmental	Canavan Disease
delay	Carbohydrate Deficient Glycoprotein
Arhinencephaly	syndrome
Arthrogryposis	Cardio-Facio-Cutaneous syndrome

Carpenter syndrome	Coffin Lowry syndrome
Cataracts - Congenital	Coffin Siris sydrome
Caudal Dysplasia	Cohen syndrome
Cerebro-Costo-Mandibular syndrome	Cone Dystrophy
Cerebellar Aplasia/Hypoplasia/Degeneration	Congenital Cytomegalovirus
Cerebral Atrophy	Congenital Herpes
Cerebral Palsy	Congenital Rubella
Cerebro-oculo-facial-skeletal syndrome	Congenital Syphilis
CHARGE Association	Congenital Toxoplasmosis
Chediak Higashi syndrome	Cortical Blindness
Chondrodysplasia Punctata	Costello syndrome
Christian syndrome	Cri du chat syndrome
Chromosome Abnormality	Cryptophthalmos
a.unbalanced numerical (autosomal)	Cutis Laxa
b. numerical trisomy (chromosomes 1-22)	Cytochrome-c Oxidase Deficiency
c. sex chromosomes XXX; XXXX; XXXXX;	Dandy Walker syndrome
XXXY; XXXXY	DeBarsy syndrome
CNS Aneurysm with Neuro-Developmental	DeBuquois syndrome
Delay	Dejerine-Sottas syndrome
CNS Tumor with Neuro Developmental Dela	DeLange syndrome
Cockayne syndrome	
	DeSanctis-Cacchione syndrome

Diastrophic Dysplasia	Fatty Acid Oxidation Disorder (SCAD, ICAD,
DiGeorge syndrome (22q11.2 deletion)	LCHAD)
Distal Arthrogryrosis	Femoral Hypoplasia
Donohue syndrome	Fetal Alcohol syndrome/Effects
Down syndrome	Fetal Dyskinesia
Dubowitz syndrome	Fetal Hydantoin syndrome
Dyggve Melchor-Clausen syndrome	Fetal Valproate syndrome
Dyssegmental Dysplasia	Fetal Varicella syndrome
Dystonia	FG syndrome
EEC (Ectrodactyly-ectodermal dysplasia-	Fibrochondrogenesis
clefting) syndrome	Floating Harbor syndrome
Encephalocele	Fragile X syndrome
Encephalo-Cranio-Cutaneous syndrome	Fretman-Sheldon (Whistling Facies)
Encephalomalacia	syndrome
Exencephaly	Fryns syndrome
Facio-Auriculo-Radial dysplasia	Fucosidosis
Facio-Cardio-Renal (Eastman-Bixler)	Glaucoma - Congenital
syndrome	Glutaric Aciduria Type I and II
Familial Dysautonomia (Riley-Day syndrome	Glycogen Storage Disease
Fanconi Anemia	Goldberg-Shprintzen syndrome
Farber syndrome	Grebe syndrome

Hallermann-Streiff syndrome	Huntington Disease
Hays-Wells syndrome	Hurler syndrome (MPSI)
Head Trauma with Neurological	Hyalanosis
Sequelae/Developmental Delay	Hydranencephaly
Hearing Loss [(Bilateral permanent hearing	Hydrocephalus
loss with pure tone average of 30dB or	Hyperpipecolic Acidema
greater)] (30dB or greater in better ear as	Hypomelanosis of ITO
determined by ABR audiometry or	
audiometric behavioral measurements)	Hypophosphotasia-Infantile
Hemimegalencephaly	Hypoxic Ischemic encephalopathy
	I-Cell (mucolpidosis II) Disease
Hemiplegia/Hemiparesis	Incontinentia Pigmenti
Hemorrhage-Intraventricular Grade III, IV	
Hereditary Sensory & Autonomic Neuropathy	Infantile spasms
ricreditary cerisory a rateriornic recarepating	Ininencephaly
Hereditary Sensory Motor Neuropathy	ппенсернату
	Isovaleric Acidemia
(Charcot Marie Tooth Disease)	
Herrmann syndrome	Jarcho-Levin syndrome
	Jervell syndrome
Heterotopias	
	Johanson-Blizzard syndrome
Holoprosencephaly (Aprosencephaly	
Holt-Oram syndrome	Joubert syndrome
Homocystinuria	Kabuki syndrome
	KBG syndrome
Hunter syndrome (MPSII)	- Co dyridioinio
	Kenny-Caffey syndrome

Klee Blattschadel	Maffucci syndrome
Klippel-Feil Sequence	Mannosidosis
Landau-Kleffner syndrome	Maple Syrup Urine Disease
Lange-Nielsen syndrome	Marden Walker syndrome
Lanqer Giedion syndrome	Marshall syndrome
Larsen syndrome	Marshall-Smith syndrome
Laurin-Sandrow syndrome	Maroteaux-Lamy syndrome (MPS VI)
Leber's Amaurosis	Maternal PKU Effects
Legal blindness (bilateral visual acuity of	Megalencephaly
20/200 or worse corrected vision in better	MELAS
eye)	Meningocele (cervical)
Leigh Disease	MERRF
Lennox-Gastaut syndrome	Metachromatic Leukodystrophy
Lenz Majewski syndrome	Metatropic Dysplasia
Lenz Microophthalmia syndrome	Methylmalonic Acidemia
Levy-Hollister (LADD) syndrome	Microcephaly
Lesch-Nyhan syndrome	Microtia-Bilateral
Leukodystrophy	Midas syndrome
Lissencephaly	Miller (postaxial acrofacial-Dysostosis)
Lowe syndrome	syndrome
Lowry-Maclean syndrome	Miller-Dieker syndrome

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Mitochondrial Disorder	Ocular Albinism
Moebius syndrome	Oculocerebrocutaneous syndrome
Morquio syndrome (MPS IV)	Oculo-Cutaneous Albinism
Moya-Moya Disease	Optic Atrophy
Mucolipidosis II, III	Optic Nerve Hypoplasia
Multiple congenital anomalies (major organ	Oral-Facial-Digital syndrome Type I-VII
birth defects)	Osteogenesis Imperfecta Type III-IV
Multiple Pterygium syndrome	Osteopetrosis (Autosomal Recessive)
Muscular Dystrophy	Oto-Palato-Digital Syndrome Type I-II
Myasthenia Gravis - Congenital	Pachygyria
Myelocystocele	Pallister Mosaic syndrome
Myopathy - Congenital	Pallister-Hall syndrome
Myotonic Dystrophy	Pelizaeus-Merzbacher Disease
Nager (Acrofacial Dysostosis) syndrome	Pendred's syndrome
Nance Horan syndrome	Periventricular Leukomalacia
NARP	Pervasive Developmental Disorder
Neonatal Meningitis/Encephalitis	Peters Anomaly
Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinoses	Phocomelia
Neuronal Migration Disorder	Pierre Robin Sequence
Nonketotic Hyperglycinemia	Poland Sequence
Noonan syndrome	Polymicrogyria

Popliteal Pterygium syndrome	Schimmelpenning syndrome (Epidermal
Porencephaly	Nevus syndrome)
Prader-Willi syndrome	Schizencephaly
Progeria	Schwartz-Jampel syndrome
Propionic Acidema	Seckel syndrome
Proteus syndrome	Septo-Optic Dysplasia
Pyruvate carboxylase Deficiency	Shaken Baby syndrome
Pyruvate Dehydrogenase Deficiency	Short syndrome
Radial Aplasia/Hypoplasia	Sialidosis
Refsum Disease	Simpson-Golabi-Behmel syndrome
Retinoblastoma	Sly syndrome (MPS VII)
Retinoic Acid Embryopathy	Smith-Fineman-Myers syndrome
Retinopathy of Prematurity Stages III, IV	Smith-Limitz-Opitz syndrome
Rett syndrome	Smith-Magenis syndrome
Rickets	Sotos syndrome
Rieger syndrome	Spina Bifida (Meningomyelocele)
Roberts SC Phocomelia	Spinal Muscular Atrophy
Robinow syndrome	Spondyloepiphyseal Dysplasia Congenita
Rubinstein-Taybi syndrome	Spondylometaphyseal Dysplasia
Sanfilippo syndrome (MPS III)	Stroke
Schinzel-Giedion syndrome	Sturge-Weber syndrome
	L

TAR (Thrombocytopenia-Absent Radii
syndrome)
Thanatophoric Dysplasia
Tibial Aplasia (Hypoplasia)
Toriello-Carey syndrome
Townes-Brocks syndrome
Treacher-Collins syndrome
Trisomy 13
Trisomy 18
Tuberous Sclerosis
Urea Cycle Defect
Velocardiofacial syndrome (22q11.2 deletion
Wildervanck syndrome
Walker-Warburg syndrome
Weaver syndrome
Wiedemann-Rautenstrauch syndrome
Williams syndrome
Winchester syndrome
Wolf Hirschhorn syndrome
Yunis-Varon syndrome
Zellweger syndrome

1	(4) A child shall have continuing program eligibility for First Steps services
2	if the child is under three (3) years old, is a resident of Kentucky, and the results
3	of the annual evaluation:

4 (a) Meet the initial eligibility requirements of subsections (1) to (3) of this 5 Section; or

- (b) Indicate a score of below one (1) standard deviation below the mean in at least one skill area that showed a previous score of at least one and one-half (1½) standard deviations below the mean in that same area.
- (5) If a child referred to the First Steps Program was born at less than thirty-seven (37) weeks gestational age, the following shall be considered:
- (a) The chronological age of infants and toddlers who are less than twenty-four (24) months old shall be corrected to account for premature birth. The evaluator shall ensure that the instrument being used allows for the adjustment for prematurity. If it does not, another instrument shall be used.
- (b) Correction for prematurity shall not be appropriate for children born prematurely whose chronological age is twenty-four (24) months or greater.
- (c) Documentation of prematurity shall include a physician's or nurse practitioner's written report of gestational age and a brief medical history.
- (d) Evaluation reports on premature infants and toddlers shall include test scores calculated with the use of both corrected and chronological ages.
- Section 3. Incorporation by Reference. (1) The Early, Periodic, Screening, Diagnostic and Treatment (EPSDT) Periodicity Schedule, August 2003 edition, is incorporated by reference.

- 1 (2) This material may be inspected, copied, or obtained, subject to
- 2 applicable copyright law, at the <u>Department for Public Health, 275 East Main</u>
- 3 Street, Frankfort, KY 40621, [Commission for Children with Special Health Care
- 4 Needs, 982 Eastern Parkway, Louisville, Kentucky 40217,] Monday through
- 5 Friday, 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.

911 KAR 2:120E. Kentucky Early Intervention Program evaluation and eligibility		
Reviewed:		
	Nickolas Z. Kafoglis, M.D., Chair Public Health Services Advisory (Date Council
	Rice C. Leach, M.D.	 Date
	Commissioner Department for Public Health	
	Dr. Duane Kilty	Date
	Undersecretary for Administration Fiscal Affairs	and
APPROVED:		
	James W. Holsinger, Jr., M.D. Secretary	Date

REGULATORY IMPACT ANALYSIS AND TIERING STATEMENT

Administrative Regulation #: 911 KAR 2:120E Cabinet for Health and Family Services

Agency: Department for Public Health Contact person: Steve Davis, 502/564-2154

- (1) Provide a brief summary of:
 - (a) What this administrative regulation does: This regulation allows the Cabinet to administer funds appropriated, to enter into contracts with service providers and amend the evaluation and eligibility requirements for First Steps, Kentucky's Early Intervention Program.
 - (b) The necessity of this administrative regulation: KRS 200.650 to 200.676 requires the Cabinet for Health and Family Services to administer First Steps, Kentucky's Early Intervention System.
 - (c) How this administrative regulation conforms to the content of the authorizing statutes: KRS 200.650 to 200.676 requires the implementation of funds for the provision of contract services, to promulgate regulations and to establish evaluation and eligibility requirements for the Kentucky Early Intervention Program.
 - (d) How this administrative regulation currently assists or will assist in the effective administration of the statutes: This amendment moves the First Steps program from the Commission for Children With Special Health Care Needs to the Department for Public Health and updates the First Steps Program to maintain and implement a statewide comprehensive system of early intervention services for infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families and to coordinate the payment for such services.
- (2) If this is an amendment to an existing administrative regulation, provide a brief summary of:
 - (a) How the amendment will change this existing administrative regulation: Section 1(1)(b): The indications for an initial evaluation for a child referred to First Steps are clarified. The requirements for annual evaluations for on-going eligibility are changed. Section 1(4): The primary level evaluation is no longer required to be the first level in the evaluation system. The primary evaluation is required to determine eligibility of children without established risk. Section 1(5)(b): The requirement that the family receive service coordination services when no developmental delay is indicated, but the child has an established risk condition, is deleted. Section 1(6)(f): The Individual Family Service Plan (IFSP) Team is required to determine the frequency of the service. Section 1(7)(a): Re-evaluations shall be provided if the IFSP Team determines the child's eligibility warrants review and the child does not have an established risk condition. Section 1(8)(a): Annual IFSP

meetings for determining ongoing eligibility are clarified. Section 1(8)(c): Three days are changed to five days for notification of evaluation results. Section 1(9)(a): CCSHCN is changed to lead agency. Section 1(9)(b): Record Review Committee is changed to Record Review Team and a new address is given. Section 1(9)(c): CCSHCN staff is changed to Record Review Team. Section 1(9)(d): Requirement that CCSHCN request an intensive level evaluation is deleted. Intensive level evaluations provider qualifications are clarified. Alphabetizing is corrected. Intensive level evaluation team is replaced by Record Review team.

- (b) The necessity of the amendment to this administrative regulation: without this amendment, the regulation would not be in compliance with the Executive Order moving the First Steps program to the Department for Public Health and the First Steps Partnership Group recommendations would not be in effect.
- (c) How the amendment conforms to the content of the authorizing statutes: This amendment carries out the intent and provisions of the authorizing statutes.
- (d) How the amendment will assist in the effective administration of the statutes: Without this amendment the Executive Order and statutes cannot be enforced.
- (2) List the type and number of individuals, businesses, organizations, or state and local governments affected by this administrative regulation: Over 600 contracted providers, which includes 2000 individuals that serves over 10,000 children with established risk diagnoses or developmental delays, and their families; and local communities or agencies that plan for, use, or develop community services for children with disabilities.
- (3) Provide an assessment of how the above group or groups will be impacted by either the implementation of this administrative regulation, if new, or by the change if it is an amendment: Over 600 contracted providers which includes 2000 individuals that serves over 10,000 children with established risk diagnoses or developmental delays, and their families; and local communities or agencies that plan for, use, or develop community services for children with disabilities.
- (4) Provide an assessment of how the above group or groups will be impacted by either the implementation of this administrative regulation, if new, or by the change if it is an amendment: These groups will be impacted by the changes to primary service coordination.

- (5) Provide an estimate of how much it will cost to implement this administrative regulation:
 - (a) Initially: None
 - (b) On a continuing basis: None
- (6) What is the source of the funding to be used for the implementation and enforcement of this administrative regulation: None
- (7) Provide an assessment of whether an increase in fees or funding will be necessary to implement this administrative regulation, if new, or by the change if it is an amendment: None
- (8) State whether or not this administrative regulation establishes any fees or directly or indirectly increases any fees: None
- (9) TIERING: Is tiering applied? (Explain why tiering was or was not used)
 Tiering was not appropriate in this administrative regulation because the
 administrative regulation applies equally to all those individuals or entities
 regulated by it